2. THE GODS OF ANCIENT EGYPT

The Osiris legend

The Ancient Egyptians used to recount the following legend: the gods Osiris, Seth, Isis, and Nephthys were sisters and brothers. Osiris was married to his sister Isis, Seth to Nephthys. Osiris had inherited the kingship in Egypt from his father Geb. The people were content with his

Jul 15, 2016 · As An did with gods, he did with humans. He was the one who bestowed and legitimized the kingship of a king. An’s wife was in some myths the goddess Uras, in others Ki, and in others Namma. As “father of the gods”, An was thought to be the creator and head of the Sumerian gods and goddesses, the Annuna (Akkadian Anunnaki).

King is the title given to a male monarch in a variety of contexts. The female equivalent is queen, which title is also given to the consort of a king. In the context of prehistory, antiquity and contemporary indigenous peoples, the title may refer to tribal kingship. Germanic kingship is cognate with Indo-European traditions of tribal rulership (c.f. Indic rāja, Gothic reiks, and Old ... Castor is the twin brother of Polydeuces (Pollux in Latin), a pair of demigods. The two in collective are known as the Dioscuri. The twins feature in a number of myths, crossing paths with other notable figures in Greek Mythology like Jason. A major theme in stories featuring Castor and Polydeuces is the idea that Castor is a mortal, while Polydeuces is immortal. This is a list of Egyptian Gods and goddesses from Egyptian mythology. Horus – A major god, usually shown as a falcon or as a human child, linked with the sky, the sun, kingship, protection, and healing. Often said to be the son of Osiris and Isis.
philosophy, the systems of thought and reflection that were developed by the civilizations of the Indian subcontinent. They include both orthodox systems, namely, the Nyaya, Vaisheshika, Samkhya, Yoga, Purva-Mimamsa (or Mimamsa), and Vedanta schools of philosophy, and unorthodox systems, such as Buddhism and Jainism. Indian thought has been concerned with ... Dec 24, 2018 · However, she also plays a crucial role in the kingship of Wales. The horse appears prominently in much of Welsh and Irish mythology. Many parts of the Celtic world — Gaul in particular — used horses in warfare, and so it is no surprise that these animals turn up in the myths and legends of Ireland and Wales. Oct 11, 2019 · 12) Horus: The Falcon God - Venerated as a Deity of War and Kingship Source: Pinterest The most well-known of all 'avian' Egyptian gods, Horus was also possibly one of the first known national Egyptian gods, who was worshipped in various forms and aspects from the Predynastic Period to the Roman Egypt epoch. The characteristics of individual gods could be hard to pin down. Most had a principle association (for example, with the sun or the underworld) and form. But these could change over time as gods rose and fell in importance and evolved in ways that corresponded to developments in Egyptian society. Here are a few of the most important deities to Numa Pompilius (Latin pronunciation: ['nɔma pom'pɪljʊs]; 753–673 BC; reigned 715–673 BC) was the legendary second king of Rome, succeeding Romulus after a one-year interregnum. He was of Sabine origin, and many of Rome's most important religious and political institutions are attributed to him, such as the Roman calendar, Vestal Virgins, the cult of Mars, the cult of ... Sep 27, 2019 · Enlil had the important task of allocating land and kingship to the kings and was a most beneficent god, responsible for planning and creating most of the features in the cosmos. In many books, he is described as a violent and destructive god, but it is clear that in the myths, he was a friendly, fatherly god, who ensured the safety and one of the most interesting aspects of ancient Egypt is its religion. The depth of Egyptian thinking and the rich imagination displayed in the creation of ideas and images of the gods and goddesses are beyond compare. In elaborating their beliefs, the Egyptians were working on the cosmic plane, searching for an understanding of the most basic laws of the universe. In heaven he allots functions to other gods, and can increase their status at will; in the Sumerian poem Inana and Ebih (ETCSL 1.3.2), Inana claims that "An has made me terrifying throughout heaven" (l.66). On earth he confers kingship, and his decisions are regarded as unalterable. Enlil was one of the supreme deities of the Mesopotamian pantheon. He decreed the fates, his command could not be altered, and he was the god who granted kingship. His temple, é-kur, the "Mountain House," was located in the city of Nippur, the religious centre of Mesopotamia up until the second millennium BCE. The sun god Ra, was leader of earth and all the gods after creation. There are various myths surrounding his rule and conflicts with some of the other gods and later humanity. as well until he leaves earth and lives in the sky, traveling through the heavens daily. Osiris is associated with kingship and fertility and certain myths tell of him being killed and dismembered by his brother ... Apr 03,
Aine is an Irish Celtic horse goddess and Fairy Queen who healed and granted fertility to her followers. Cnoc Aine in Knockainey was Aine’s center of worship. In ancient times, royalty performed marriages on top the hill to honor Aine and to seal the kingship. This act means Aine was an important sovereignty goddess. The Norse Gods are the main pantheon of deities in God of War, most of which serve as the overarching antagonists. They are one of the most powerful races to inhabit the Nine Realms and are viewed as protectors of Midgard and mankind. Despite being of the same race, the Norse gods are divided into two tribes; the warlike Aesir and the pacifistic Vanir. It can also be noted ... Kingship (or any kind of absolutist power) and its close relationship to and use of religion for the purpose of legitimizing power seem an almost universal concept in human history. Frazer’s famous work The Golden Bough: A Study in Religion and Magic has been highly influential on the topic of sacred or divine kingship and continues to be so. Zeus Olympios emphasized Zeus’s kingship over the gods. Zeus Xenios, Philoxenon or Hospites: Zeus was the patron of hospitality (xenia) and guests, ready to avenge any wrong done to a stranger. Zeus Horkios: Zeus he was the keeper of oaths. Exposed liars were made to dedicate a statue to Zeus, often at the sanctuary of Olympia. Heimdall (pronounced “HAME-doll;” Old Norse Heimdallr, whose meaning/etymology is unknown[1]) is one of the Aesir gods and the ever-vigilant guardian of the gods’ stronghold, Asgard. His dwelling is called Himinbjörg (“Sky Cliffs,” connoting a high place ideal for a fortress), which sits at the top of Bifrost, the rainbow bridge that leads to Asgard. He ... Continue ...